Inclusive Education

Support participation and confidence

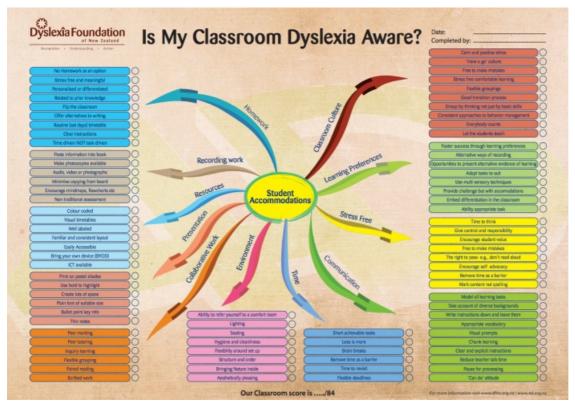


A suggestion for implementing the strategy 'Helpful classroom strategies in Years 9-13' from the Guide: Dyslexia and learning

Includes: Cre

Create a dyslexia-friendly classroom Ask students what will help Fonts for easy reading Foster trust and confidence Support access and understanding with visuals Recognise student strengths

Create a dyslexia-friendly classroom



Source:

Dyslexia Foundation of New Zealand http://www.dyslexiafoundation.org.nz/dyslexiaadvocacy/pdf/Mind%20Map%202014_lowres.pdf

View full image (1.6 MB)

Ask students what will help

Often the way material and information is presented can create barriers for students. What font size, colour, and style works best for you?

What background colour do you prefer for paper handouts or slides?

How much white space on a page or slide helps you focus?

What style of visual is best to help you understand and keep your attention (graphics, photos, line drawings, cartoons)?

What other things will support your access, understanding, and attention?

Teacher, Sarah Sharpe provides further suggestions for **creating neurodiverse friendly "soft" and "hard" copy resources**.

Fonts for easy reading

Use font size that is at least 11 point. Keep plenty of white space on the page. Easy to read fonts are sans serif, mono-spaced, and roman font types including:

- Helvetica
- Courier
- Arial
- Verdana
- Computer Modern.

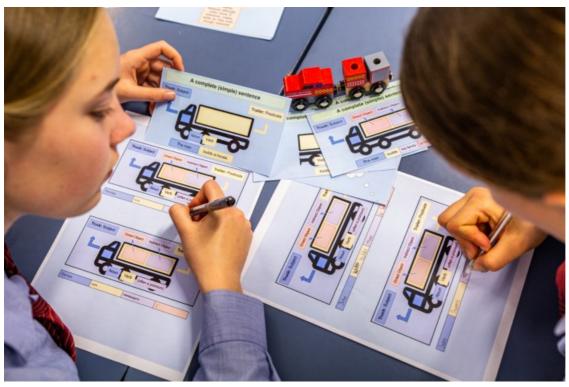
Italic fonts are more difficult to read.

Foster trust and confidence

Build practical supports and actions into the culture of your classroom.

- ✓ Use your students' cultures, interests, and strengths to create opportunities for them to take the lead.
- ✔ Foster tuakana-teina relationships and create a class culture where students support each other.
- ✓ Give ongoing prompts and positive feedback. Provide the students with strategies to help them when they get stuck.
- ✓ Recognise and eliminate situations that students may find difficult or embarrassing, such as reading aloud to the class.
- ✓ Recognise avoidance strategies and provide practical support and encouragement.
- ✓ Act quickly on any concerns about a student's wellbeing.
- ✔ Give feedback on students' success to their parents and whānau.

Support access and understanding with visuals



Source: Ministry of Education | Te Tāhuhu o te Mātauranga

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Recognise student strengths

Rapaaea Henderson has dyslexia. Te reo Māori is his first language and kapa haka, a strength for him, is a pathway for helping him to learn.

Note: Click on the closed-captions icon for English subtitles.



Video hosted on Youtube http://youtu.be/SmomMJDRVck

Closed Captions

Source: Te Karere TVNZ https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=SmomMJDRVck&feature=youtu.be&t=89 This information was downloaded/printed from the Ministry of Education's website "Inclusive Education". Except where otherwise noted it is Crown Copyright 2018.

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